

#### POT POURRI

Girls who have had their hair bobbed are not as badly off as the poor pup that has had his tail bobbed. The hair will grow in again.

A woman does not always mean what she says. She will apologize for a meal she knows can't be beat and boast about her husband, who she knows is the most trifling, no-account fool in town.

They say girls are so free with their kisses these days that they do not even need to hang a "take one" sign on their lips.

The reason why we do not believe folks' ears burn when others talk about them is because if they did all most of us would have left would be a couple of charred stumps.

If it wasn't for keeping up with the neighbors, keeping a car running and going to the movies every night, a lot of poor fish wouldn't have such a hard time getting along.

A married man often wonders how it would feel to be a bachelor and not be blamed for everything that happens.

It may be just a coincidence, but have you noticed men never were so anxious to have the sale of firearms restricted as they have been since the ladies began getting so reckless with sixshooters?

Of course, their votes probably won't be counted, but we understand the mosquitos are unanimous in their opposition to the return of the long skirts.

Mother never would have stood for the little kitchenette daughter has, but then mother's kitchen was not used just as a place for opening cans.

It is getting easier and easier to get married and harder and harder to stay that way.

Modern young people wouldn't pay any more attention to chaperones or curfew laws than they do to their parents, that's why they have been abolished.

The fellow who marries the modern flapper type of girl is going to have one big advantage over his fellows who married the old-fashioned type—she never will make his life miserable with spring and fall housecleanings.

Add pathetic sights: A pair of military brushes and a comb on the chiffonier of the poor bird who now has to use a washrag and towel to comb and brush his hair—or the place his hair used to be.

No well-dressed woman likes to be stared at, but just the same it makes her mad as a wet hen if she doesn't feel you stealing a lot of admiring glances at her.

Boys' underwear and hose at The Walsh Co.

#### MEN, READ THIS AND WEEP

This comes from England: "An evening corset, from 14 to 18 inches deep, is made of exquisitely soft white kid, the top cut in scallops with pink ribbon around the edge and carrying four suspenders." But you are wrong, fellers. They are not meant for women. They have quit wearing the fool things, but these are corsets to be worn by the well-dressed man. We thought after the long skirts came back we wouldn't have anything to write about, but if the men are going in for things like that the ladies can count on a rest while we devote a little time to the he-male.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Manhattan shirts at The Walsh Co.

Don't waste so "durn" much of your time trying to make your advertisements "clever." Make them simple, plain straightforward selling talks, just as if you were talking to a customer over the counter. Then they will usually be clever enough to sell the goods.

Vassar underwear at The Walsh Co.

Over \$500,000 worth of corn was grown by the 29,000 young farmers who were members of boys' corn clubs last year, according to the United States Department of Agriculture.

Boys' corduroy suits at The Walsh Co.

Louisiana farmers received over \$45,000, according to the United States Department of Agriculture, through the co-operative sale during the spring of 1922 of 19,000 bushels of lespedeza seed which had been grown and graded according to methods advised by extension workers.

Ball Band gum boots and overshoes at The Walsh Co.

#### DON'T WAIT TOO LONG

If you wait for all the conditions to be just right before you branch out or enlarge, you will be running the same little shop when it comes time for you to retire.

Cooper union suits at The Walsh Co.

#### BEVERIDGE vs. HARDING

Abolition of the railroad labor board, whose creation is claimed as one of the Republican achievements, is being urged by Albert J. Beveridge, senatorial candidate in Indiana, notwithstanding President Harding's recent recommendation to congress that the powers of this body be enlarged.

"American transportation must be freed from the iron hand of artificial and arbitrary governmental direction and placed once more under the control of economic law," declared Beveridge in the speech which he delivered in Columbus, Ohio, (President Harding's state) a few days ago. It was announced that Beveridge's address was made at the "Invitation of President Harding."

In President Harding's address to congress on the "Strike Crisis," August 18 last, he said:

"The railroad labor board was created by congress for the express purpose of hearing and deciding disputes between the carriers and their employees, so that no controversy need lead to an interruption of interstate transportation."

Then President Harding declared that the Republican administration "held that the labor board was the lawful agency of the government to hear and decide disputes," and that "its authority must be sustained." Still later in the same address Mr. Harding contended that "the decisions of the board must be made enforceable and effective against carriers and employees alike."

If Beveridge is right in deeming the railroad labor board a failure, President Harding was wrong in pressing the Republican congress to perpetuate and magnify the failure. Should the Republican voters approve Beveridge they can do so only by repudiating the president.

One explanation of this contradictory counsel is that Beveridge has been so long out of the company and confidence of the Old Guard that he is not, like the president, familiar with its plans and purposes.

J. & M., the best shoe made at The Walsh Co.

#### FARM BREVITIES

The best corn is produced on strong, healthy stalks. For this reason seed corn should be selected from the field.

The storage bins and the corn cribs should be put in readiness for the season's crops before the rush of harvest comes.

Most grasses seed themselves in the fall. That's one reason for renewing the lawn by raking out the weeds and applying a little good seed before the autumn rains.

The farmer who goes into the livestock game without having a supply of home-grown feeds or who has not taken the production of these into consideration will not get very far. Exhibits of improved livestock and poultry at the county and state fairs this year were viewed with great interest by thousands of farmers, and as a result it is believed by livestock specialists that many scrub sires will find their way to the butcher's block, and purebreds will take their places at the head of the farm flocks and herds.

To convert any preserving jar into a churn a dasher has been patented with a spiral handle, which revolves as it is moved up and down through a top screwed to the jar.

The Walsh Co. has a real store for men and boys.

#### IN THE POULTRY YARD

Now that fall is here, it is a very good plan to scatter air-slaked lime around the poultry house and the yards during damp weather. This does much to prevent "fall colds" and roup, and also makes for cleanliness and dry quarters.

If you bought eggs last spring and have surplus pure-bred young stock now, advertise by means of road signs and newspaper space. You can sell stock as well as others, and every fall and winter there is a demand for good birds at reasonable prices.

To hold a steady trade at good prices send all eggs to market in a clean condition, keep out all cracked eggs, sort eggs of the same size and color into the same case, and get the eggs to the consumer as soon as possible after they are laid.

Boys' corduroy suits at The Walsh Co.

County extension agents, in carrying the results of research by the United States Department of Agriculture and the experiment stations of the state agricultural colleges to the farmer, visited 650,000 farms in 1921 and held 125,000 community and other meetings, with an attendance of 6,000,000 persons.

White sweaters at The Walsh Co. for men, women and boys.—The Walsh Co.

#### HARRISON'S OBITUARY

When the second session of the Sixty-seventh congress lay upon its deathbed, Senator Pat Harrison, Democrat, of Mississippi, reflecting the sadness, the disappointment and disgust of the people throughout the country, delivered this obituary, summarizing the record of that body:

"Mr. President, this congress closes in a shroud of disappointment. Its failure to solve vital and pressing problems is pathetic. Democrats are not hilarious, because they have the interest of the country at heart. It is a case of disappointment, sympathy and chagrin more than delight."

"The congress ends with a record of increased taxes on the already burdened masses."

"It ends with increased cost of living to the consumers."

"It ends with a failure to carry out pledges to the valiant soldiers of the late war."

"It ends with reorganization and efficiency in government untouched."

"It ends with stronger guarantees and broader freedom to the protected interests to extort in greater degree higher prices to enslave and rob the many."

"It ends with the assurance to the laboring man that the Republican party will continue to favor the employer against him, and to disregard his every interest with respect to reasonable hours, fair wages and humane consideration."

"It ends in an orgy of extravagance and a reckless disregard of economy."

"It ends with an utter repudiation of civil service and preferential rights to the heroes of the late war."

"It ends as the most reactionary congress since the time of Aldrich, and the most subservient to executive dictation since the days of Mr. Roosevelt."

"It has proven itself to be spineless, leaderless, without courage, program or purpose."

"It adjourns in a blaze of broken promises, with a silent and disconsolate procession of mourners returning to their respective constituents with their morale broken, their lines divided and their hopes dissipated. A sad reception awaits you—an insurmountable task of explanation confronts you."

#### GROWTH OF FEDERAL AID ROADS

More than 1,000 miles a month has been the rate of growth of completed federal aid roads during the present working season, says the Bureau of Public Roads, United States Department of Agriculture. The mileage completed on August 31 totaled 19,308, of which 6,401 miles have been added since the beginning of the year. On the same date there was under construction 14,670 miles. Federal aid roads in all stages, from approved projects to completed roads, now total 41,405 miles, or 23 per cent of the system of highways being outlined by state and federal engineers to serve the whole country, and which will consist of approximately 180,000 miles.

#### NEGROES MAKE FARM PROGRESS

St. Mark community, Lee county, Arkansas, furnishes an example of substantial progress made by negro farmers who have benefited from agricultural extension work. According to a report received by the United States Department of Agriculture of 75 families in this community, 59 own their own farms, comprising 3,300 acres valued at \$200,000. In accord with the safe-farming system advocated by extension workers in southern states, these families for the most part raise food and feed sufficient to meet the needs of themselves and their stock each year by growing corn, legumes, hogs, poultry and good gardens, in addition to their cotton crops.

#### FIVE TRAGEDIES

A man struck a match to see if the gasoline tank to his auto was empty. It wasn't.

A man patted a strange bulldog on the head to see if the critter was affectionate. It wasn't.

A man speeded up to see if he could beat the train to the crossing. He couldn't.

A man touched a trolley wire to see if it was charged. It was.

A man cut out his advertising to see if he could save money. He did not.

To protect growing plants from the strong winds which occur in Guam during certain parts of the year, the federal agricultural experiment station on that island reports the successful introduction of the use of the pigeon pea, planted around the garden in double rows. It makes a thick growth, reaching a height of 10 to 15 feet, bears large quantities of edible peas, and is effective without replanting for two or three years.

It is rather a misnomer to refer to the coal operators as profiteers. A stronger term should be applied.

#### 11TH AGRICULTURAL CONGRESS MEETS IN FRANCE NEXT YEAR

At the meeting of the International Agriculture Commission in Paris last summer, attended by representatives from France, Belgium, Italy, Holland, Poland and Switzerland, it was decided to hold an International Agricultural Congress at Paris in May or June, 1923. This will be the eleventh International Congress of Agriculture and the first held since the war.

The international commission of agriculture is a permanent body whose chief function has been the organization of such congresses. M. Mellé, former minister of agriculture of France, has been president of this international commission since 1908. The United States Department of Agriculture has for many years been represented on the commission, Dr. D. E. Salmon having been a member until 1908, when he was succeeded by Dr. L. O. Howard. Dr. A. C. True was added in 1911, and ex-Secretary Meredith in 1919. The work of the International Agricultural Commission is in a way supplemental to that of the International Institute of Agriculture at Rome.

#### STATES TO SAVE IN FREIGHT ON SURPLUS WAR MATERIAL

The various western states will save considerable money in payment of freight on surplus war material through new rates that have been secured by the Bureau of Public Roads of the United States Department of Agriculture. Large quantities of material are still being received by the bureau and allotted to the states for use in road construction.

Recently, through representatives of the bureau as to the character of the material and the use to which it is to be put, considerably lower rates have been granted. On transcontinental shipments, motor vehicles now take a rate of 60 cents per hundred, against a former all-rail rate of \$3.35; machinery, 60 cents per hundred, and similar reductions on other classes of material.

These rates have been effective only a short time, but have been immediately reflected in increased requisitions from western states.

They are now distilling hootch from acorns. Great soaks from little acorns grow.

The Russian people are giving the world the greatest exhibition of endurance it has ever witnessed.

#### URGE AMPLE SUPPLY OF MILK FOR SCHOOL KIDDIES

Now that milk is served in many public schools throughout the country, the United States Department of Agriculture suggests that inspectors should make frequent visits to the schools to see that the milk is of good quality and when delivered and that it is handled and served to the children in a sanitary manner. Inspectors in those cities where milk is not served in the schools are urged to advocate the adoption of the plan.

One of the duties of the inspector is to see to it that the milk does not stand for some time before being served. A good plan is to have it delivered just at lunch time, or, if this is not convenient, to see that there are facilities for icing and storing it. By taking samples at frequent intervals a close check can be kept on the methods of handling.

Milk for use at schools should always be put up in bottles to reduce the chances of contamination.

#### SEEDSMEN ABROAD SEE VALUE OF UNIFORM TESTING METHODS

Leading seed merchants of European countries that export seeds to the United States recognize that the harmonizing of the work of the seed-testing stations in those countries and closer co-operation with the stations in this country and Canada will greatly facilitate international trade in agricultural seeds, says Edgar Brown, in charge of the seed-testing laboratories of the United States Department of Agriculture, who recently returned from Europe, where he visited the principal seed-testing stations in Denmark, Germany, Czechoslovakia, Switzerland, France, Holland and Great Britain.

FOR RENT—Four-room cottage and attic, partly furnished, or unfurnished.—Call 464. (104-21)

#### PROVIDED HORRIBLE EXAMPLE

In passing a special law barring Kemal Pasha from leaving Turkish territory the Turks may have had President Wilson's jaunt to Paris in mind.—Indianapolis Star.

#### WHAT EVERY DOCTOR KNOWS

Some one wants to know when liquor is medicine. Easy. It is when you want liquor.—Toledo Blade.

Judging by the size of some newspapers and magazines, the editors don't expect the people to read one-tenth of what they write.

#### YOUTHFUL AGE

Edison, Bell, Depew, Clemenceau and numerous other conspicuous figures much in the public eye demonstrate that years are not the burden common humanity has been taught to believe them to be.

Decrepitude and senility have no proper place in the economy of life, but they quite frequently are evident in men who, so far as years are concerned, are just entering upon the maturity of manhood.

To feel young is to be young. The problem of physical life is to keep in harmony with the tides of being.

The other day, in London, a company of veteran bowlers, whose average age was 82, staged a top-hat match and engaged in a vigorous contest which attracted wide attention.

A citizen of Cincinnati, just returned from a tour of the west, informs of a game of quills he witnessed at Adrian, Mo., in which the players—eight of them—were above 90 years in age—three of them were beyond the century mark. He says they played a "wonderful game."

There are in this, as in every other city, many men and women who are doing exceptional work who are 80 and more years of age.

Time is kind to those who have faith in life and who employ it to some steadfast purpose. Knowledge is extending the period of life—the spans of the bridge which divides time from eternity are being multiplied.

A resident of Cleveland recently announced that he learned the art of swimming after he was 60 years old, and that now he daily joins his great-grandchildren in the practice of that art. A woman of 90 has just matriculated in one of our great universities. For all of these life is a thing that blossoms with promise and manifold blessings. They stand out in inspiring contrast with the loose-lipped youths and maids whose faded eyes testify to the fact that they have sucked the orange of existence dry before they really have started in the ways of achievement.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

#### WE'D PREFER HIS LAST JOB

On his first job John D. Rockefeller, who worked three months and earned \$50. On his last job he didn't work at all and earned fifty millions.—Nashville Tennessean.

See The Advocate for printing.

## It Pays to Own a Mutual Fountain

### WHY YOU WANT IT

Assuming that you are a merchant who sells soft drinks, we say unreservedly that you really cannot afford to be without a MUTUAL FOUNTAIN.

WHY? Because PROFITS is the magic word that turns the wheel. A simple sum in arithmetic—no dream; no ifs; no theory. With a MUTUAL FOUNTAIN, instead of making twenty cents per dozen on cold drinks, you make FORTY CENTS—and this takes care of your ice bill and does away with the lost and broken containers which you have to pay out of your profits. You have your ornamental fountain in your store, occupying a space of but 22 inches in circumference and four feet high. You have with the fountain an ice box, as well as one icing, but a hundred and fifty pounds of ice lasts about eight days.

Every drink is properly proportioned and you know exactly how many nickels you get from each gallon of syrup.

To the customer the Mutual Fountain appeals from a sanitary standpoint; from the standpoint that his drink is ice cold without having ice in the drink. No ammonia, no sawdust, no filth—absolute cleanliness. The customer knows he is getting a drink properly proportioned; he gets it from a sanitary paper cup instead of from a container which has been exposed to unsanitary conditions.

### ALWAYS GOING

It is easy to keep the fountain always going. The Liquid Carbonic Co., as is known, has dealers everywhere, in every State and city in the Union, and they furnish the gas tubes at a very reasonable rate—only loan them, never selling them, always eager to see that you have a full supply of gas. You can charge the Mutual Fountain in five minutes, and unless you have an exceptional run on the fountain, once a week is as often as you need charge it. The fountain holds 22 dozen drinks. And in this connection, something to think about, when you sell only thirty-five fountains full of coca-cola, at five cents a drink, the fountain has paid for itself.

There is no danger of anything getting out of order. It is "fool-proof." It will last a lifetime. You can handle any kind of a drink you desire and as many as you desire.

You have a fountain as satisfactory; as sanitary; as durable; as convenient—and taking much less room, as one you could pay \$5,000 or more for. In purchasing the Mutual Fountain all that is necessary is to secure your attention only long enough for you to see it. You will decide in two minutes that it is what you want because it will increase your soft drink profit at least 100 per cent on sales, and satisfy every customer, which means increased business.

The Mutual Fountain may be had with from one to four dispensers.

**Increases Profits  
100 Per Cent**

**Kentucky Representatives**

**Mutual Fountain Distributing Co.**

**Millstone, Kentucky**